

2nd Generation CPTED Strategies and Effect for the Urban & Rural Complex City

[2017 ICA International Conference]

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Research Institute
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Contents

- 1. Outline
- 2. CPTED Plan for Urban & Rural Complex City
- 3. CPTED Evaluation for Urban & Rural Complex City

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1. Outline

- 1-1 Introduction
- 1-2 Salt Way
- 1-3 Necessity of the Project
- 1-4 Guidance of the Project

Introduction

Introduce Architecture and Urban Research Institute (AURI)

History

2007.06	, Establish AURI
2007.08	Enact Framework Act on Building
2010.12	Pedestrian Environment Research Center inaugurated
2010.12	National Hanok Center inaugurated
2012.12	Architectural and Urban Policy Information Center inaugurated
2014.03	National Public Building Center inaugurated
2014.11	National Urban Regeneration Assistancy Agency inaugurated
2015.01	Architectural Services Industry Promotion Center inaugurated

Objectives

AURI is the first national research institute in architecture and urban research established by the President to revive the value of **architectural and urban spaces** as a physical foundation that improves quality of life, builds cultural pride and contributes to the betterment of our international image and competitiveness

Functions

- Develops policies for public-oriented architecture and urban environment
- Conducts studies to strengthen quality of architectural design
- Establishes policies and support for urban projects of both national and local governments
- Enhances industrial competitiveness in the field of architecture and urban space
- Establishes networks and educates experts about public projects
- Builds and operates database for architecture and urban culture

01 Introduction

CPTED Research Center

Paradigm is changed for crime(Punishment → Prevention)
that makes 'CPTED project' to start to remove environmental factor that cause crime opportunity

Many CPTED projects did not reflect regional characteristics, and be progressed uniformly

Nevertheless **different crime type** according to different housing and street spaces, most **Korea CPTED guidelines just follows foreign cases**

CPTED Research Center inaugurated

Support for the projects of the central and local government on CPTED

Support CPTED policy and projects to secure efficiency of projects Evaluation and improvement of the support for CPTED projects

Research method for efficient budget execute and sustainability

Design solution and manuals for Korean CPTED

Research Korean CPTED to match with population social physical characters

Spread and promote CPTED project to build safety infrastructure

Secure project effect and continuity by awareness and diffusion about CPTED

01 Introduction

History of Korea CPTED Policy

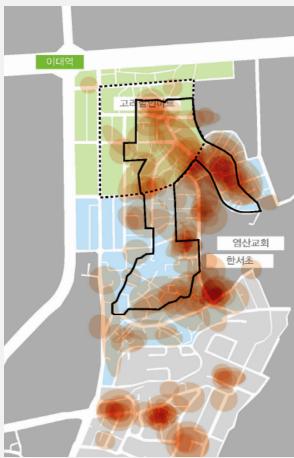
Law for CPTED	Guideline for CPTED
2010.01 Standard for Sustainable New Town Planning	[The National Police Agency]
- Establish planning standards for crime Prevention	Design Guide for Crime Prevention
Enforcement Decree of the National Land Planning and Utilization Act	Introduce application method by building and space type according to CPTED principles
Article for crime prevention is included in city and gun planning	[Korea Land and Housing Corporation] Internal Guideline for Crime Prevention Design
Enforcement Decree of the Framework Act on the National Land	- Introduce CPTED standards about architecture, landscape, electricity and machinery etc.
- Article for crime prevention is included in Do compre-	[Ministry of Land, Infrastructure and Transport]
hensive planning	Guideline for Crime Prevention Design on Building
Building Act - Standards for crime prevention at building construction	- Introduce CPTED standards about preview, principles, light, landscape and housing type
ctandards for drine prevention at ballating constitution	[Seoul Metropolitan City]
Notification Crime Prevention Building Standa - Standards for crime prevention at architectural design of definite purpose and scale	Guideline for Crime Prevention through Environmental Design - Apply for city safety, building up safe city project and community involvement type urban regeneration project

1s GENERATION

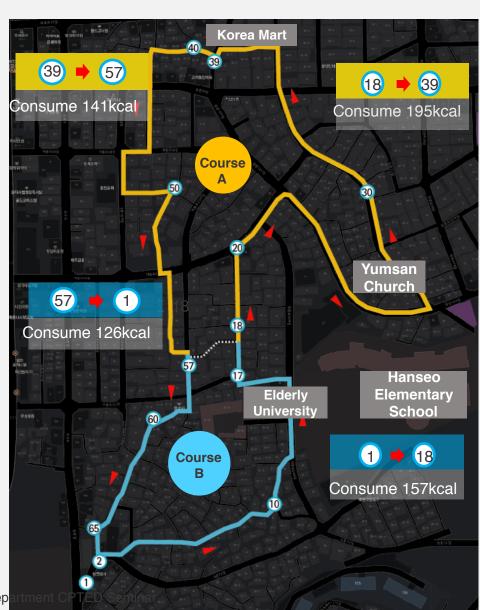
02 Slat Way

Object One

Make Citizen Together



Map of Crime Fear
Source : Eunsun Kwon(2017), Design for Social Change, Seoul Police Department CPT





02 Slat Way

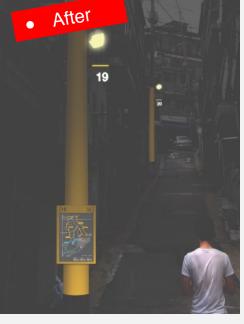
Object Two

- Strengthen Territoriality
 - Recognize location by Clear sign on Telephone pole
 - Security LED numbering









02 Slat Way

Object Three

- Detect Criminal
 - Operate "Protection House" (6 houses)







Introduction / Slat Way / Necessity / Guidance

02 Slat Way

Object Four

- Lead up for Oneself
 - Construct "Salt Dock": Base space of resident Community

Life & Culture

- Salt Cafe : Handiness Cafe
- Rest Area: Low wooden bench
- Magazine, Book : Connect with Community Service Center
- Parcel Service : Keep stuff during one's absence

· Install sporting goods

Exercise &

- Explain exercise method
- Rent sporting goods

Safe & Security

Operate 24hours

- · Guard Post for Voluntary Night Guards
- Guard Post for Neighborhood
- Safe Space : Emergency Shelter





Salt Duck (Booster Station 422m²)



02 Slat Way

Seoul CPTED Project 'Salt Way'













02 Slat Way

Limitation of Slat Way: 1st Generation CPTED

'15.12.18. : Permission for Management and Disposal plan

'15.12.24. : Public announcement

'16. 3. ~ ∶ Migration





03 Necessity of the Project

Necessity of CPTED project for the Urban & Rural Complex City

- Former CPTED projects that was conducted mainly at urban space
 - Former CPTED projects was conducted at **backward living space** in urban, and since then **various projects that consider space characteristics** was conducted, but most of it were **in urban area**
- Lack of social concern for safety of crime in urban & rural complex city
 - Social concern for safety in urban & rural complex city is insufficient in spite of various crime problem by rapid urbanization
 - When urban and rural area is combined, the city planning of the complex city usually dose not consider characteristics of rural area

Disordered city space and occurrence of various crime

Urban sprawl by improper urban development and complex space form

Closed community and generosity of rural area, and influx settlers and foreign workers

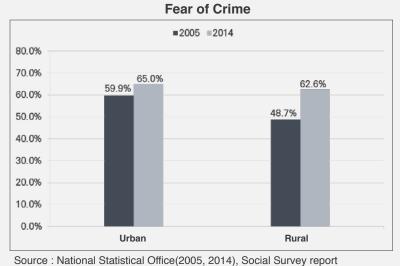
Necessity of CPTED for the Urban & Rural Complex City

NECESSITY

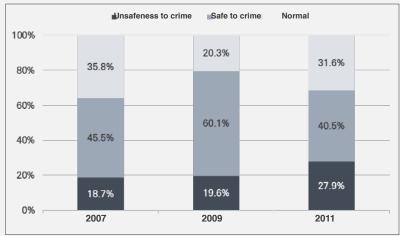
03 Necessity of the Project

Fear of Crime on Rural Area

- Fear of crime on rural area tends to increase
 - Even though fear of crime on both urban and rural area increase, fear of crime on rural is 2.7times more than urban
 - According to a social survey by the National Statistical Office, rate of 'Unsafeness to crime' about 'Do you think rural area is safe?' was 18.7% in 2007, 19.6% in 2009, 27.9% in 2011
- Rural area is exposed to crime easily, and crime prevention and defense ability are remarkably lower than urban because of its demographical characteristic
 - Exposed to crime easily due to decrease rural population and aging that comes from the movement of population to urban
 - Especially number of crime cases in rural area where is adjacent urban area is high



Survey result about safety of crime in rural



Source: Rural Development Administration(2012), Survey of rural life index

03 Necessity of the Project

Characteristics of Urban & Rural Complex City

- CPTED project is essential to solve problems caused by social · administrative · physical characteristics on urban & rural complex city
 - Through CPTED project with community, it enables enhancement a sense of unity by improving pride and attachment to region
 - Especially, it enables trust recovery on administration and public realm by solving service insufficiency to crime

- Crime prevention on rural area is possible through applying customized CPTED strategies and improving physical Provide imbalance environment that is vulnerable to crime service between Decline community spirit regions **Administrativ** and deepen conflict Lack of police between urban and rural Characteristic service to crime habitant Supply gap of city Difference of function and service between Demographic culture between urban and urban and rural al & Social rural Characteristic Weaken identify of S Difference of physical community by influx of new environment between residents **Physical** urban and rural · Weaken solidarity by Characteristic difference of living · Low building density territory between natives and settlers · High rate of farmland Low population density · Poor living condition Aging society and amenity

04 Guidance of the Project

Guidance of CPTED project for the Urban & Rural Complex City

Reflect complex social · physical characteristics of urban and rural area

Grasp physical characteristics

- Complex physical characteristics
- Land use, Road Condition

Low building density High rate of farmland

Grasp demographical & social characteristics

- Influx new settlers
- Population, Social condition etc.

Low population density Aging, High ratio of the movement

Establish measure that consider regional characteristics with high potential for change in the future

Grasp change of space framework

- Construct living infrastructure
- Build living commercial facilities

Poor living condition and amenity

Grasp change of regional community

Relationship change by increasing incomer

Change of Spatial structure and relationship is high

CPTED for the Urban & Rural Complex city

Change of social & physical environment

The minimum physical environment improvement

Focus on non-physical environment improvement

Jrban & Rural Comple

Rural area where is on going urbanization rapidly by geographical characteristics

Build living space for safety of resident

Consider environmental characteristics that mbines living and farmin aur

2. CPTED Plan for Urban & Rural Complex City

- 2-1 Target Region Analysis
- 2-2 Vulnerable Space to Crime and Select Priority
- 2-3 CPTED Master Plan

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01 Target Region Analysis

Outline of Target Region

Bugang-ri, Bugang-myeon, Sejong Metropolitan Autonomous City Location Width **About 385,000**m² 소정면 전의면 전동면 조치원읍 연서면 금남면

- Bugang-myeon is located in south-east of Sejong City, and the target region is a center village of Bugang-myeon
- Bugang-ri consists of fifteen administrative region, and the region was incorporated into Sejong City from Chungcheongbuk-do province in 2012
- The project region is Bugang 1ri, 5ri, 10ri and 13~15ri where is a west life zone of Bugang Station



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01 Target Region Analysis

Population · Social Condition

- Population by Age
 - Working age population takes 71.5%(3,303 people) of total population of the region that is higher than Sejong City and Bugang-myeon
 - It shows that the region is a **young rural center** area

Division		Sejong City		Bugang-myeon		Target region	
	IVISIOII	Population	Rate	Population	Rate	Population	Rate
	Total	210,884	100.0%	6,699	100.0%	4,620	100.0%
Age	Under15	42,411	20.1%	720	10.8%	601	13.0%
	15~64	146,074	69.3%	4,645	69.3%	3,303	71.5%
	Over 65	22,399	10.6%	1,334	19.9%	716	15.5%

- Elderly Population Rate and Aging Index
 - Elderly population rate of Sejong city takes 11.10%,
 Bugang-myeon takes19.87%, and the target region takes 15.39% that is higher than Sejong City
 - Aging index of Bugang-myeon and the target region means that **the region is an aging society**

Division	Elderly Rate	Puerility Dependen cy Ratio	Old age Dependen cy Ratio	Dependen cy Ratio	Aging Index
Sejong City	11.10%	28.83%	16.08%	44.91%	55.79
Bugang-myeon	19.87%	15.39%	28.61%	44.00%	185.81
Target Region	15.39%	18.00%	21.47%	39.47%	119.26

Physical Condition

- Zoning Code
 - Coexistence of Urban and Rural area
 - Productive green area, general residential area, general commercial area, general industrial area are located together
 - Bugang 1,4,5ri are included in productive green area, and declined residential is formed in partial area
 - Bugang 10,12,13,14ri are included in general residential area, and the region is mixed with apartment, new house, farmland and vacant lot
- Architecture and Major Building
 - Building-to-land ratio of the most architectures of the region is under 40%
 - It shows mostly low floor-area ratio because of building height restriction by military facility and cultural assets

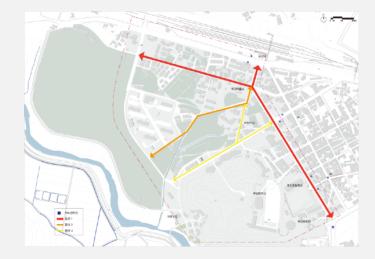




Physical Condition

- · Road and Parking
 - City planning road plans for two route that connects Chungmyeon-ro and industrial complex, and one route that connects Sejong city
 - Heavy vehicles that go into industrial complex use Chungmyeonro, but some vehicles use Bugang-3gil and Bugang-ro
 - Bugang-3gil and Bugang-ro have high risk for accident because of illegal parking at both sides that causes poor sight of vehicle and blind spot
 - Number of illegal parking on Bugang-3gil is average 44 vehicles,
 and heavy truck parking increase at night
 - Public parking lot is located far away from the target region, so it is hard to use it
- Floor of Human Traffic
 - Existing homes, new multiplex housing and commercial facilities are located in Bugansindae-gil that connects to Bugang Station, and Bugang-ro is a boundary line between west residential area and east commercial area
 - The two roads are full of people
 - Bugangsindae-gil and Toemi-ro that connect to Miraero
 Apartment and Gukjae daycare center are also full of people



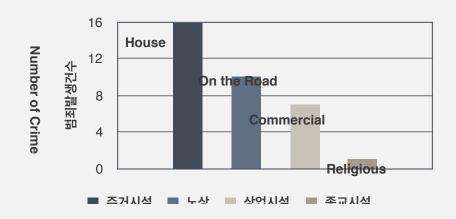


Crime Occurrence Condition

- Major Crime Types are Violence and Burglary
 - Crime of the target region takes about 22% of total crime
 - Total 34 cases: Violence 24 cases and burglary 10 cases
 - Major crime type is violence

Crime Type	Bugang-ri		Targe	Total	
Violence	77	64%	24	71%	101
Burglary	46	35%	10	29%	56
Pape-Indecent/Act	2	1%	-	-	2
Total	124	100%	34	100%	159

- Crime is in the order of Residential-On the Road-Commercial
- Major crime occurrence area is a housing facility(16 cases) that is row house and multi-family housing mainly
- The next is on the road(10 cases) that is convenience store, mart and in front of housing facility
- In commercial facility(7 cases) that is bar and motel





Target region present condition analysis

Ambiguous boundary between fallow land and farmland



Vulnerable space to trespass from fallow land and farmland

Space that need management on bushes and trees



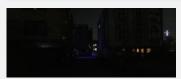
Formation of blind area and hide space

Deserted house and containers

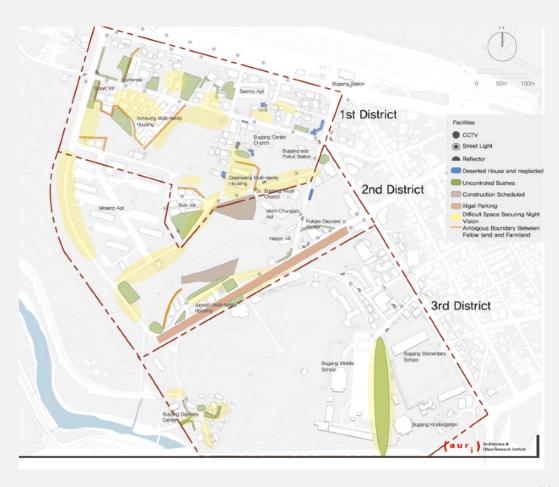


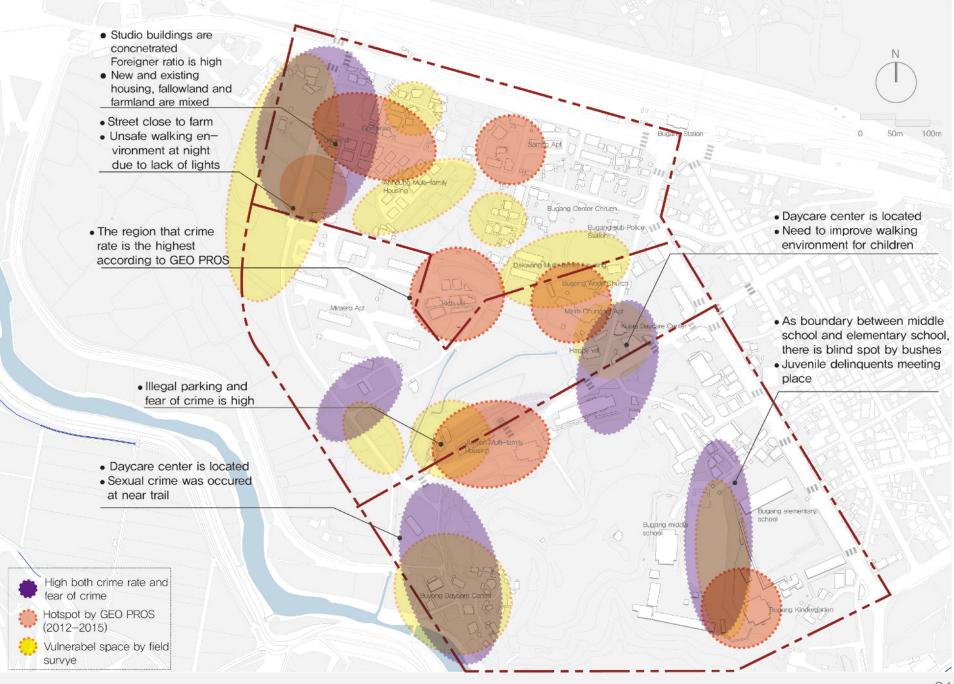
Formation of blind area and hide space Destroying landscape

Difficult space securing night vision



Difficult space securing night vision due to lack of streetlamp





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O2 Vulnerable Space to Crime and Select Priority

Select Priority

Customized CPTED plan based on condition and vulnerable to crime on target region

1st District : Focusing main street (Bugansindae-gil)

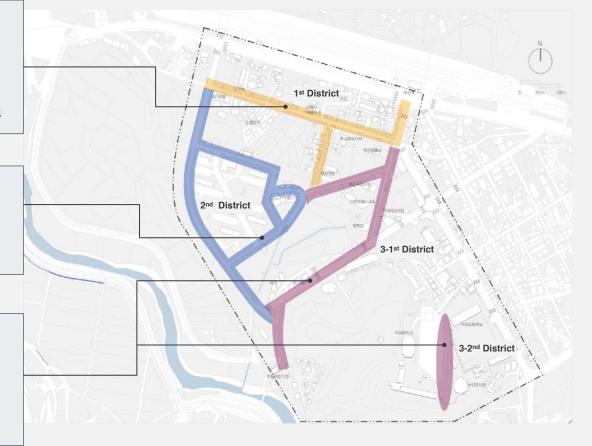
- Mixed new and existing house
- Mixed farmland and residential area

2nd District: Focusing Toemi-ro

- Mixed new and existing house
- Walking trail for dwellers

3rd District: Focusing part **Bugang-3gil of Toemi-ro**

- Location of kindergarten and school
- District where many children walk

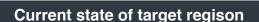


CPTED

Plan for Urban &

Rural Complex City

CPTED Master Plan





Jumbled new residential buildings due to fast influx of population





Lack of crime prevention facilities







fallow land and deserted house



Strategy

Local community revitalization

Strengthening local image and territoriality between public and private space

Making safe pedestrian environment considering growth of crop

CPTED Strategy according to change of urban structure

Contents

Interaction program between new and existing residences

Build up local community space

Strengthen Bugang-ri local image

Strengthen territoriality between residential area and farmland

Additional installation and improvement of crime prevention facilities

> Install access control facilities at deserted house

Install lighting considering growth of crop

CPTED planning considering development feasibility

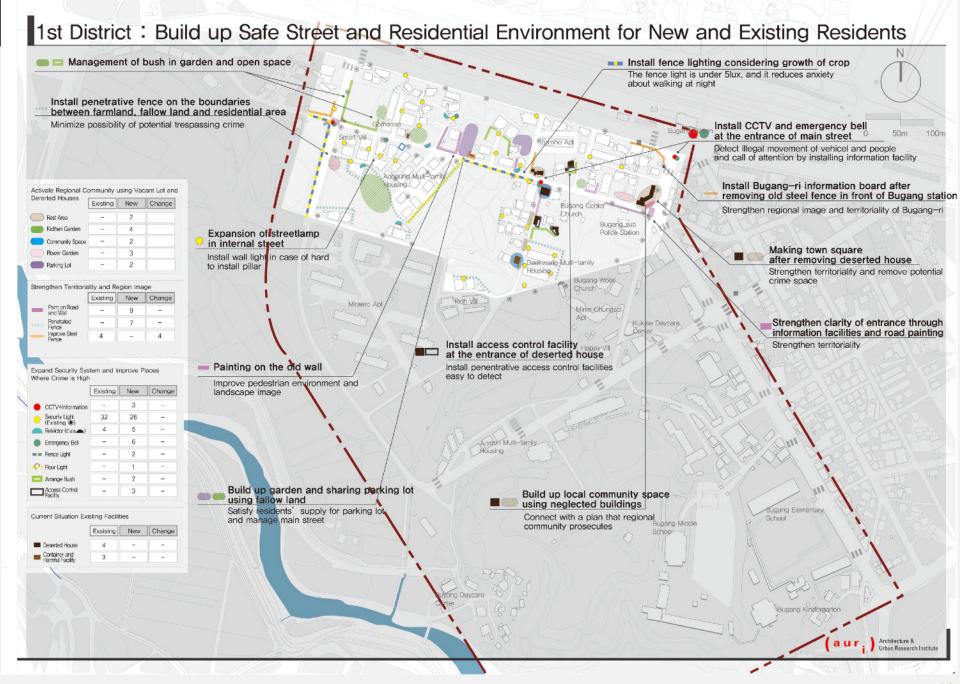
Install variably applicable facilities according to target region state

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03 CPTED Master Plan

1st District: Build up safe street and residential environment for new and existing residents

Build up town square after removing deserted house **Activate local** community using 1st Build up local community space using neglected buildings strategy fallow land and deserted house Build up garden and sharing parking lot using fallow land Install Bugang-ri information board after removing old steel fence in front of Bugang station Strengthen territoriality and Strengthen clarity of entrance through information facility and road painting local image between 2nd farmland, fallow strategy Install fence on the boundaries land and public street and between farmland, fallow land and residential area residential area Painting on the old wall Install access facility at the entrance of deserted house Improve vulnerable Management of bushes in garden and open space space to crime and expanding crime 3rd Install fence lighting considering growth of crop prevention facilities strategy considering growth Install CCTV and emergency bell at the entrance of main street of crop Expansion of streetlamp in internal street



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03 CPTED Master Plan

CPTFD Plan

2nd District: Strengthen pedestrian safety at night by improving street environment considering growth of crop

Build up community using fallow land Activae local **1** st community using fallow land and Build up exercise and rest space linked to the trail and garden strategy deserted house Build up sharing parking lot Install variable fence considering development feasibility Strengthen territoriality and local image between 2nd farmland, fallow Install variable fence to reinforce effect to surveillance strategy land and public street and Separation of territoriality between fallow land and road residential Install fence lighting considering growth of crop Improve vulnerable space to crime and 3rd expanding crime prevention facilities Install bottom lighting and fence lighting under 5lux strategy considering growth · Inducement of walking trail through securing night vision of crop

2nd District: Improve Street Environment Considering Growth of Crop Making community space using fallow land Build up sharing parking lot to prevent vechile crime and secure walking vision Bugang Station Making community space using fallow land Activate using street activity of residents Apheong Multi-tarnity Housing 2 Activate Regional Community using Vacant Lot and Dererted Houses New Change Bugang sub Police Station Making community space using fallow land Utilize urban and weekend farm for neighborhood and new residents Strengthen Territoriality and Region Image Existing New Change Bugang-Woon Church Penetrated Fence Miraero Apt Expand Security System and Improve Places Kukjae Daycare Where Crime is High CCTV+Information Security Light (Existing ®) 2 Refelctor (Exis. Emergency Bell Fence Light Floor Light Current Situation Existing Facilities Juyebr Multi-family Housing Exsising New Change Deserted House Install variable fence considering development feasibility Divide followland and street to reduce dangerousness of crime Bugang Elementary Bugang Middle Install fence lighting considering growth of crop To minimize crop damage, install fence light under 5lux and floor light at handrai Architecture & Urban Research Institute

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03 CPTED Master Plan

3rd District: Creating safe school district considering small pedestrian volume and strengthen children community activity

Build up children community space using neglected container box **Activate local** 1st community using Expansion children facilities after removing old container box fallow land and strategy deserted house Build up small size flower garden and management garden Stamping or road painting at the entrance of main school districts Strengthen territoriality and local image between 2nd farmland, fallow Improvement old steel fence strategy land and public street and residential Install fence at the boundary between farmland and residential area Install emergency bell and CCTV Improve vulnerable for illegal parking at the entrance of main street space to crime and expanding crime 3rd Expansion of streetlamp at the main school districts prevention facilities strategy considering growth Install access control facilities of crop at the deserted house surrounding kindergarten

3rd District : Creating Safe School Walkways and Strengthen Children Community Activity Build Up and Imrpove Playground for Children Improve old playground in front of Dakwan vill Activate space and street by place making for children and parents 100m Smart Will-Samho Apt Build Up Community Place for Children Child study and tiny library as use of container Increase activity of children and parents Aphgung Mulli-Tamily Activate Regional Community using Vacant Lot and Dererted Houses Bugang Install streetlamp at the main school districts New Change Existing Promote walking environment at night Bugang sub Rest Area Police Station Kicthen Garden Flower Garden Housing Strengthen Territoriality and Region Image Install Old Steel Fence New Change Accord bright image by using child Miraero Apt Mirim Chungsol preference design Penetrated Fence Kukjáe Dayca Improve Steel Expand Security System and Improve Places Where Crime is High Existing New Change CCTV+Information 4 Make small size flower garden Security Light (Existing ®) 30 21 Manage garden Improve street imge Lyeon Multi-family Emergency Bell Fence Light Stamping or road painting Arrange Bush at the entrance of main school districts Access Control Strengthen territoriality to call attention for Install fence at the boundary vechile and pedestrian between farmland and residential area Current Situation Existing Facilities Bugang Elementary Divide public and private space to reduce trespassing crime and fear of crime Exsising New Change Deserted House Container and Harmful Facility ■ Install Access Control Facilities at Deserted Houses Remove potential crime place by managing deserted house and bushes Bugang Kindergarten Architecture & Urban Research Institute

ANALYSIS Target Region Analysis / Vulnerable Space to Crime and Select Priority / CPTED Master Plan

03 CPTED Master Plan

CPTED Plan

Software Program : Community Program

Leading to community participation to the CPTED and strengthen local community

Patrol Program on Harvest Season



Landscaping Management



Gardening Program



Garden Rental and Sales Program



Supporting Bicycle Patrol Program





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3. Evaluation CPTED for Urban &Rural Complex City

3-1 Project Outcome

3-2 Comparative Analysis of Survey

3-3 Henceforth Tasks

Evaluation CPTED Project

Project Outcome / Comparative Analysis of Survey / Henceforth Task

01 Project Outcome

Install CCTV





Install new CCTV

- Install mainly on heavy volume of traffic
- Decline pedestrian anxiety and arouse consciousness by installing CCTV information board that is identified at night



Install minimum CCTV due to low population density

Install Security Light and Logo Light





- Install security light (15 points), security + logo light(11 points) all minimum spots considering location and direction of fence light to prevent crop damage
 - Improve pedestrian environment at night by installing logo light on main node and place that fear of crime is high



Install light that under 5lux to prevent crop damage

Construction plan in 2017

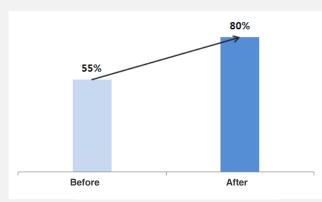
Variable fence, Access control facilities, Sharing parking lot will be constructed in 2017

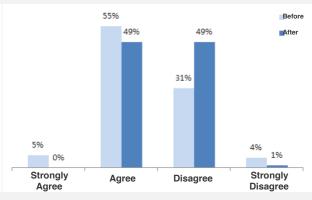
Project Outcome / Comparative Analysis of Survey / Henceforth Task

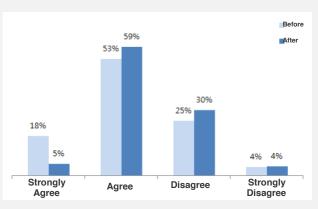
02 Comparative Analysis of Survey

Satisfaction on Residence and Regional Environment

- (Overall satisfaction on residence) Satisfaction on residence increase highly from 55%(before) to 80%(after), it means the CPTED project has a good effect on residence satisfaction for residents
- Also, it has good effect on rising safety at night street and decline interpersonal anxiety
- **(Evaluation on surrounding)** Answer rate that street is dirty **decrease 11%**, and answer rate that street is too dark at night **decrease 7%** compare to before CPTED project that means physical environment where is weak to crime is improved







[Overall Satisfaction on residence]

[Street is Dirty due to Waste, Filth and Scribble]

[Street is too Dark at Night]

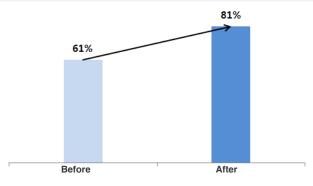
Evaluation CPTED Project

Project Outcome / Comparative Analysis of Survey /Henceforth Task

02 Comparative Analysis of Survey

Fear of Crime

- (Safety degree to Crime) Answer rate that residence feel safe to various crime is changed from 61% (before) to 81%(after) that means environment that residents feel safe is built up
- (Fear degree to Expected Crime) Answer rate that 'be not fearful of' in walking on the day and the night increase each 22%(day) and 28%(night) that means fear to crime decrease through



70%

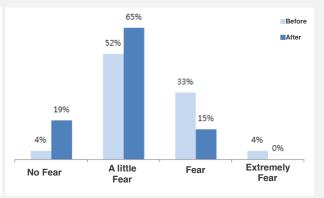
Section 19%

No Fear

A little Fear

Fear

Extremely Fear



[Safety degree to Crime]

[Fear degree at walking on the day alone]

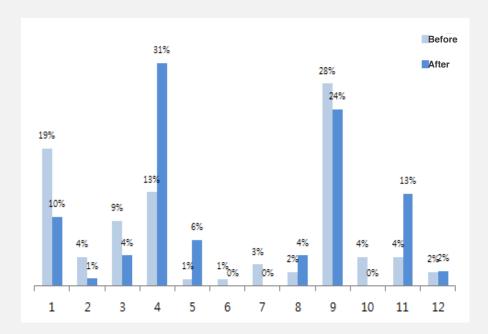
[Fear degree at walking on the night alone]

Project Outcome / Comparative Analysis of Survey / Henceforth Task

02 Comparative Analysis of Survey

Action and Activity for Crime Prevention

- (Crime prevention measure for regional safety) The order is 'Strengthen police patrol'(31%), 'Install CCTV'(24%), 'Strengthen voluntary crime prevention activity'(10%), and the survey result shows that 'the role of surveillant is important' for residents
- · Above factors are recognized that reduce fear to crime and effective to prevent crime highly



[Crime prevention measure for regional safety]

Action and activity measure for crime prevention

- ① Strengthen voluntary crime prevention activity by resident
- ② Operate education and participation program for crime prevention
- 3 Keep street be neat and clean
- 4 Strengthen police patrol on street and public space
- ⑤ Install emergency ball on street and public space
- ⑥ Improve surrounding through design on street and public space
- ① Increase community involvement in environmental improvement and region development
- ® Reorganize detrimental establishment and surroundings in region
- 9 Install CCTV on public space
- 10 Provide sport and leisure facilities for youth
- 1 Maintain street light be brightly
- 12 Install police anticrime checkpoint

Project Outcome / Comparative Analysis of Survey / Henceforth Task

03 Henceforth Tasks

Henceforth Tasks of CPTED for the Urban & Rural Complex City

Activate Neighborhood
Community

- Long-term CPTED planning that reflects opinions of residents and interested parties
- Strengthen project effect in parallel with education and PR programs
- Strengthen self-response ability to crime and build trust neighborly through activate community

2

Develop Design Solutions

- Design solution that reflects both regional characteristics and building type
- Develop CPTED guideline and design solutions for each unit to support project practitioners
- Promote CPTED project by providing it to central and local government

3

Management and Monitoring

- Plan maintenance measure for CPTED facilities
- Continuous analysis about outcome through monitoring
- · Carry out survey systematically in the long-term

(aur_i)

Thank You